Name of Strategy:	R.A.F.T. (Role, Audience, Format, Topic)
Organising Element:	General Capability of Critical and Creative thinking, General Capabilities
	of Numeracy and Literacy

Purpose of Strategy:

This strategy encourages creative thinking and motivates students to demonstrate understanding in a non-traditional yet informational written format. (Buehl 1998)

RAFT is an acronym that stands for:

- Role of the student. What is the student's role: Reporter, observer, eye witness, object, concept or symbol?
- Audience. Who will be addressed by this RAFT: the teacher, peers, a parent, people in the community, an editor, another object or symbol?
- **Format**. What is the best way to present this information: an article, a report, a blog, a poem, a model of or a picture?
- **Topic**. Who or what is the subject of this writing: a famous mathematician, a prehistoric cave dweller, a reaction to a specific event or a number?

The strategy can be used to differentiate the curriculum in order to cater for student learning profiles, readiness and interests.
(Buehl, 1998)

Description of Strategy

The student has a role to play and as they think in that role, they have to talk to a given audience using the format noted on the topic listed. This strategy forces students to process information rather than just write answers to questions. (Buehl 1998)

How to use it:

- 1. Establish the important ideas or concepts you want students to learn (learning intention). Consider how writing might enhance students' understanding of a concept, for example, *fractions*. This focus establishes the goal of the assignment.
- 2. Explain RAFT to the students and have them brainstorm possible **roles** students that they could assume. For example, a student in mathematics may imagine themselves as an *equivalent fraction*.
- 3. Decide upon audience for this RAFT, for example a family of 6 who have ordered a pizza to share.
- 4. Using that audience, determine the **format**. For example, the equivalent fraction could take the form of a model.
- 5. Using knowledge acquired from the model the student demonstrates how the pizza can be shared fairly. This becomes the **topic** for providing mathematical reasoning about their knowledge of fraction equivalence. The topic can be entitled in a creative way as can be seen in some examples below.

This strategy works with all disciplines and across disciplines as an engaging strategy for student learning.

Example:

Role of Writer Audience Format Topic and Strong Verb reporter public news column explain congressional action

The following documents are provided:

- A RAFT template https://daretodifferentiate.wikispaces.com/R.A.F.T.+Assignments
- Examples of mathematical RAFTs http://studylib.net/doc/5868387/raft-examples-for-math
- Possible RAFT roles https://image.slidesharecdn.com/differentiatedinstructionstrategyraft-091015171440-phpapp01/95/differentiated-instruction-strategy-raft-21-728.jpg?cb=1255626903
- Possible RAFT formats, Slide 5 https://www.slideshare.net/ulamb/differentiated-instruction-strategy-raft

Teaching Examples Year level: All

Role	Audience	Format	Topic
Calculator	Math Student	Directions	Don't use me to multiply and divide by base 10!
Fraction	Student Who Hates Fractions	A Friendly Note	Relax! Let me tell you a few tricks to remember when playing with my friends and me.
Teacher	Class	A Written Lesson	Did you know math is everywhere? You can not escape math!
Metric System	US Congress	Written Petition	I am far superior to your English system. You must adopt me nation wide.
Decimal Point •	Confused Math Student	Instructions	So, your confused on how to move me when you x + - and /.

Directions: Being able to calculate well is only one aspect of understanding math. When you can explain a math application or property you truly demonstrate a clear understanding of that concept. Select from one of the RAFT assignments above and write a creative response assuming that role. Remember to keep your audience in mind when you respond to the

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RAFT PowerPoint in https://daretodifferentiate.wikispaces.com/R.A.F.T.+Assignments

RAFT ACTIVITY ON FRACTIONS			
Role	Audience	Format	Topic
Fraction	Whole Number	Petitions	To be considered Part of the Family
Improper Fraction	Mixed Numbers	Reconciliation Letter	Were More Alike than Different
A Simplified Fraction	A Non-Simplified Fraction	Public Service Announcement	A Case for Simplicity
Greatest Common Factor	Common Factor	Nursery Rhyme	I'm the Greatest!
Equivalent Fractions	Non Equivalent	Personal Ad	How to Find Your Soul Mate
Least Common Factor	Multiple Sets of Numbers	Recipe	The Smaller the Better
Like Denominators in an Additional Problem	Unlike Denominators in an Addition Problem	Application form	To Become A Like Denominator
A Mixed Number that Needs to be Renamed to Subtract	5th Grade Math Students	Riddle	What's My New Name
Like Denominators in a Subtraction Problem	Unlike Denominators in a Subtraction Problem	Story Board	How to Become a Like Denominator
Fraction	Baker	Directions	To Double the Recipe
Estimated Sum	Fractions/Mixed Numbers	Advice Column	To Become Well Rounded

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ROLE	AUDIENCE	FORMAT	TOPIC
Zero	Whole Numbers	Campaign Speech	Importance of the Number 0
Scale Factor	Architect	Directions for A Blue Print	Scale Drawings
Percent	Student	Tip Sheet	Mental Ways to Calculate Percent
Repeating Decimal	Customers	Petition	Proof/Check for Set Membership
Prime Number	Rational Numbers	Instructions	Rules for Divisiblity
Parts of a Graph	TV Audience	Script	How to Read a Graph
Exponent	Jury	Instructions to the Jury	Laws of Exponents

Source: Barton & Hedeima (2002)

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Role	Audience	Format	Topic
Exponent	Jury	Instructions	Laws of Exponents
Acute Triangle	Obtuse Triangle	Dear John Letter	Our Differences
Percent	Student	How-To Guide	Mental ways to calculate percent
Prime Number	Rational Numbers	Club Membership Form	How to Join My Club
Parts of a Graph	TV Audience	Script	Which of Us Is Most Important?
Plus Sign	Multiplication Sign	Romantic Card	Why We Go Together

 $\underline{https://dareto differentiate.wikispaces.com/file/detail/RAFTs for Math. doc$

Possible RAFT Formats to Differentiate by Learning Modality			
Written	Visual	Oral	Kinesthetic
Diary entry	Comic	Song	Model
Bulleted list	Crossword	Monologue	Cheer
Obituary	puzzle	Radiocast	Mime
Invitation	Мар	Museum	Demonstration
Recipe	Graphic	guide	Sales pitch
Movie critic	organizer	Interview	with demos
FAQs	Print ad	Puppet show	Sew, cook,
Editorial	Photograph	Political	build
Gossip	Fashion	speech	Wax museum
column	design	Story teller	

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References:

Buehl, D., in Billmeyer and Martin 1998, *Teaching Reading in the Content Areas: If not me, then who?* Colorado, McRel Retrieved from https://daretodifferentiate.wikispaces.com/file/view/RAFT_w-intro.pdf

Buehl, D., in Billmeyer and Martin 1998, RAFT Assignments Retrieved from

https://daretodifferentiate.wikispaces.com/file/view/RAFTs%20handouts.pdf/42189187/RAFTs%20handouts.pdf

Links to brilliant sites

Dare to Differentiate R.A.F.T. Assignments https://daretodifferentiate.wikispaces.com/R.A.F.T.+Assignments More RAFTs than you could imagine

Designing RAFTS

https://daretodifferentiate.wikispaces.com/file/view/RAFTS%203.pdf/33195143/RAFTS%203.pdf

How to write a RAFT

http://literacy.kent.edu/eureka/strategies/raft.pdf

RAFT assignments in a variety of subject areas

https://daretodifferentiate.wikispaces.com/file/view/RAFTs%20handouts.pdf/42189187/RAFTs%20handouts.pdf

Variety of RAFT assignments

http://www.tangischools.org/cms/lib3/LA01001731/Centricity/Domain/339/What%20is%20RAFT.pdf

Possible Role or Audience Ideas for a RAFT Choose ideas that advance the learning goals.

·Characters from a story	Public service	·Key terms	*Scientists or politicians
·Historical figures	·Musical instruments	·Diseases	*Geographic formations
·Vocabulary words	·Cartoon characters	·Types of fabric	·Composers or artists
Instruments or tools	·Shapes or colors	·Authors or inventors	Business or industry person
·Minerals or chemical elements	*Cities, countries, continents	*Brand name object	·Technical terms
·Tradesman or other job	·Animals, birds, pets	·Body systems	*Celebrity or talk show host

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